Youth (0-18) + Firearm-Related Hospitalizations

From HealthyCity...circa 2010
Youth (0-18) + Hospitals

From HealthyCity...circa 2010
Youth (0-18) + Alcohol Outlets

From HealthyCity...circa 2010
What is RACE COUNTS?

1. New **analytic framework** for racial equity at a local level in California

2. A **website**: [www.RACECOUNTS.org](http://www.RACECOUNTS.org)

3. The “**And Then What...**” - connection to system-change initiatives & campaigns
These 7 key areas are critical to California’s future

- Economic Opportunity
- Health Care Access
- Education
- Housing
- Democracy
- Crime and Justice
- Healthy Built Environment
44 Indicators

**Housing**
- Income Left After Housing Costs (owner)
- Income Left after housing costs (renter)
- Foreclosure Rate
- Subprime Mortgage Loans
- Housing Quality
- Homeownership

**Healthy Built Environment**
- Commute time of Public Transportation Users
- Park Access (Recreational Parks)
- Food Access
- Drinking Water Contaminants
- Toxic Releases from Facilities
- Proximity to Hazards

**Economic Opportunity**
- Employment
- Median Household Income
- Poverty
- Officials and Managers
- Internet Access
- Denied Mortgage Applications
- Commute Time to Work
- Business Ownership

**Crime and Justice**
- Truancy Arrests
- Curfew Arrests
- Perception of Safety
- Fatalities from Police Encounters
- Diversity of Police
- Incarceration
- Lack of Access to Re-entry Services

**Health Access**
- Life Expectancy
- Health Insurance
- Access to Federally Qualified Health Centers
- Preventable Hospitalizations
- Low Birthweight
- Usual Source of Care

**Education**
- High School Graduation
- Math Proficiency
- English Proficiency
- Suspensions
- Teacher Diversity
- Early Childhood Education Access

**Democracy**
- Voting in Presidential Elections
- Voting in Midterm Elections
- Registered Voters
- Census Participation
- Diversity of Elected Officials

GET A 3D VIEW OF RACIAL EQUITY

Performance: How well all people are doing. For example, how high are Los Angeles County graduation rates?
GET A 3D VIEW OF RACIAL EQUITY


Disparity: How well different racial groups in a county are doing compared to each other. For example, are Latinos graduating at the same rate as other groups in Los Angeles County?
GET A 3D VIEW OF RACIAL EQUITY


Impact: The total population for each county and therefore how many people are affected. For example, how many people live in a county where graduation rates are high, but Black students don’t graduate as often as other racial groups?
3D View of Racial Equity

GAINS AT RISK

PROSPERITY FOR THE FEW

STRUGGLING TO PROSPER

STUCK AND UNEQUAL

Low to High Disparity

Low to High Performance
3D View of Racial Equity

GAINS AT RISK

Low to High Disparity

Low to High Performance

PROSPERITY FOR THE FEW

STUCK AND UNEQUAL

RACE COUNTS

Riverside
San Bernardino
Fresno
Imperial
Merced
3D View of Racial Equity
LOW INCOME PERSONS THAT LACK ACCESS (1-MILE URBAN AND 10-MILES RURAL) TO FOOD (%) BY RACE

- Total
  - PERFORMANCE 1.5%
  - RAW PERFORMANCE 151,690
  - DIFFERENCE FROM BEST 0.8%
HOUSING QUALITY

LOW QUALITY HOUSING (LACK OF AVAILABLE KITCHEN, PLUMBING, AND HEAT) (%) BY RACE

- Total: 3.3%
- PERFORMANCE
- RAW PERFORMANCE: N/A
- DIFFERENCE FROM BEST: 1.8%

Over 46K Latino Households

AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY, 5-YEAR ESTIMATES TABLES B25049, B25053, B25053A-I, B25048 (2010-2014)
$18,163 (42% of Best Rate)
County Rankings

CRIME & JUSTICE

GAINS AT RISK

PROSPERITY FOR THE FEW

FIND COUNTY

FILTER BY REGION

SELECT RACE

FILTER BY KEY ISSUE

All Issues
Economic Opportunity
Health Care Access
Education
Housing
Democracy
Crime & Justice
Healthy Built Environment

FILTER BY INDICATOR

All Indicators
Truancy Arrests
Curfew Arrests
Fatalities from Police Encounters
Diversity of Police Incarceration
Lack of Access to Reentry Services
Perception of Safety

12TH MOST DISPARATE
3RD WORST PERFORMING

STUCK AND UNEQUAL

ADVANCEMENT PROJECT, 2018

COUNTY POPULATION: HIGHEST TO LOWEST

QUADRANT:
Black 100X more likely than API
In 2015, Advancement Project California conducted a study that looked at referrals to the DCFS child protection hotline by ZIP Code, analyzed the availability of prevention supports in different ZIP Code areas, and identified “hot spots” of communities that would benefit from additional network and community connections. Findings indicated that ZIP Codes 90044, 90003, and 93535 had the highest numbers of DCFS referrals coupled with the lowest number of available prevention supports.

Availability of licensed ECE seats varies widely in Los Angeles County.

http://www.ecelandscapela.org/wp-content/themes/illustrate-savemyseat/files/ECE%20Landscape%20Q1%20FIN%20AL%202011.5.15.pdf
A large coalition of community based organizations wanted the new LCFF supplemental and concentration grants to be spent at the schools with the most need. They constructed a student need index, picking 12 variables that indicated the challenges these schools faced. The index identified 36 high schools, 32 middle schools, and 174 elementary schools with the highest need of additional funding.

https://www.advancementprojectca.org/blog/l-a-inequity-map-packs-political-punch
LAPD Metro Traffic Stops

- Multiracial
- Other
- AIAN
- Asian
- White
- Black
- Latino/a

1 Dot=20 Stops

Number of Vehicle Stops

- 2010: 198
- 2011: 238
- 2012: 2362
- 2013: 30642
- 2014: 27740
- 2015: 28153
- 2016: 28482
- 2017: 28482
- 2018: 2879

- Multiracial
- Other
- AIAN
- Asian
- White
- Black
- Latino/a
Justice Equity Need Index

A data tool to assess the areas in L.A. County most negatively impacted by criminalization and detention-first policies – identifying where supports, services, diversion and prevention programs, and funding should be targeted.

- Partners who supported JENI development:
  - Community Coalition
  - LA Voice
  - LA CAN
  - Homeboy Industries
  - Communities in Schools
  - Californians for Safety and Justice
Justice Equity Need Index

Criminal Justice Involvement Indicators:
• Probation population
• Violent crime rate

Behavioral Health Indicators:
• Mental health hospitalizations
• Substance use-related hospitalizations

Compounding Risk Indicators:
• Poverty
• Unemployment
• Lack of high school diploma or equivalent
• Homelessness

Demographics
• Black and Latino Communities of Color
Justice Equity Supply Index

• JESI assesses existing service capacity across L.A. County in spatial detail, using 211 service provider data (which extends beyond traditional reentry programs to include housing, employment, education, mental health, and other service providers).

• Helps in making informed allocation decisions in order to equitably address disparate needs as highlighted by JENI.

• More data needed to address relative size and capacity of providers, and specific types of service offered
Key takeaways:

- Existing service capacity is not well aligned with need in many areas
- Many unincorporated areas are high need/low services
- Comprehensive data collection will help in refining actual community capacity and room for growth
Polls of system-impacted people (with Community Coalition, LA Voice, Homeboy)

What were your immediate needs and did you receive support to address them?

- I NEEDED this, BUT DID NOT RECEIVE services within a month of my release.
- I NEEDED this AND DID RECEIVE services within a month of my release.

Answered: 94     Skipped: 10
Next Steps

• Community engagement to better understand current needs and barriers, county-wide and focusing on the neighborhood level.

• Improvements to county data collection and sharing to create visibility around race in all aspects of these systems and further refine JENI and JESI.

• Develop recommendations for systemic reforms that will scale up prevention and services, and scale down incarceration.